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Long-range flood plan for Skagit holds ramifications

given a tool for flood plain man- when evaluating plans." agement Wednesday at Mount more more more

It was the Skagit River Flood

made to the Skagit Board of as needs arise?" Commissioners by H.

Representatives of the Corps revised. and other federal agencies were present and took part in the presentation.

While it did not fall as a bombshell, the report, as ex now," one official told the county pected, set forth some long commissioners. range requirements for flood George Lemke, Seattle, who control of the Skagit River which represented Col. C. C. Holbrook, velopment.

For it carried with it Presi- mendations are yours at the dent Johnson's executive order local level." to federal agencies providing that federal construction as well as federal loans and grants be based upon such planning, "tak-

Skagit County officials were ing into account flood hazards

One question observers con-Information Report, prepared by sidered to be of paramount imthe U.S. Army Corps of Engi- portance was asked during the neers at the request of the State question - answer period of the Department of Conservation on meeting conducted at the Casbehalf of the citizens of Skagit cade Natural Gas Co. auditor-county. "Is the plan with its re-Presentation of the report was quirements subject to revision

The answer. given by Ahlquist, Maurice Ahlquist, director of was also seen as significant, the Department of Conser- "This report is not God's word," vation and by Gregory M. Hast- he said. "The Corps has done ings, supervisor of the departs the best it can with the informament's division of flood contion available." He did not state to what extent the plan might be

> It was made clear, however, that implementation of the study is in the hands of local officials. "You are in the driver's seat

would have a profound effect on district engineer of the Corps, Skagit County, especially in reclarified this. "This report is gard to future planning and denote not an edict," he said. "The decision to carry out its recom-

Hastings asked this question, "Is Skagit County being picked on?" He then answered negatively, stating, "Skagit County has used more state flood control maintenance funds since 1943 than any other county in the state. It has consistently had a flood control program, which speaks for the county's interest in a constructive effort.

"We are undertaking to assist you in this program simply because of the previous investment of state and county funds and because circumstances here merit it more than in any other county at present," said Hast-

ings.
"The answer is a flood plain management set of rules, and this report is the tool to provide those rules. It suggests the most wise and beneficient use of the flood plain area," Hastings stated.

The ultimate of the plan is for 100-year flood control of the

Skagit River basin.
"The information, as presented in this Skagit River Report, points out the need for changing our ideas and methods of reducing the recurring flood damage in the county. It will be largely up to you to assist in money with which to help you," bringing about the acceptance of said Ahlquist.

these ideas," Ahlquist stated at the outset.

"Your county commissioners and planning commission have already considered the aspects of such regulations but they cannot do the job alone. They need your backing, both privately and in public, for their job will be a big one," he said. "And you must be willing to live with, and comply with, the restrictions - along with everyone else in the county.

"You can be assured that the state will lend any assistance and guidance possible to enable Skagit County to progress in a manner that will be compatible to the hazard that exists."

One theme of the meeting was that many residents underestimate the danger of floods and "build and plan as though no hazard exists."

George Dynes, local land developer long active in water management, said local matching costs of the plan would come to \$6 million. "Without the money for that part, we'd be dead in the water," he said.

"Right now the state has no