

The Dallas Experience NFIP and Levee Accreditation

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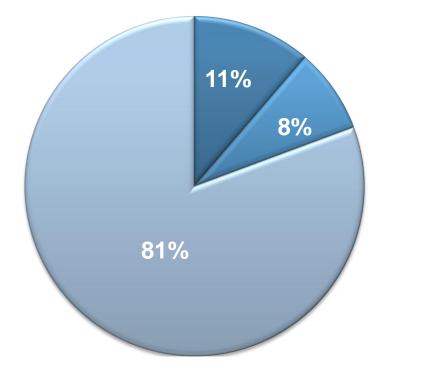
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- Current National Condition
- Challenges
- Dallas Floodway System Overview
- Challenges Facing Dallas
- Current Response
- Timeline
- Lessons Learned

Current Situation — Importance





Miles of Levees
USACE Program Levees
Other Federal
Non Federal

- Levees are abundant and integral to communities:
 - Protection of people, property, and other infrastructure
 - Estimated that tens of millions of people live and work in leveed areas
- No national standards, nor approaches
 - Designed for one purpose now serving another
 - Systems based approaches were most often not used, but are needed





Risk: A dynamic that we can keep up with?

- Average age of 50 years, climate change, infrastructure degradation, increasing population growth
- Some of the challenges we face
 - Responsibility with local communities, legal responsibilities, liability for A/Es, funding (including PPP), stimulus \$\$ not sufficient, D- grade from ASCE





Is it a matter of time?

California's State Engineer, William Hammond Hall, reportedly stated:

"....There are two kinds of levees, those that have failed and those that will fail."





Dallas – making positive strides

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Levees pushed to the max

- USACE identified levees in Dallas (and other cities) as deficient
- FEMA could withdraw its federal funding support for maintenance and repairs that support the city in case of a levee failure

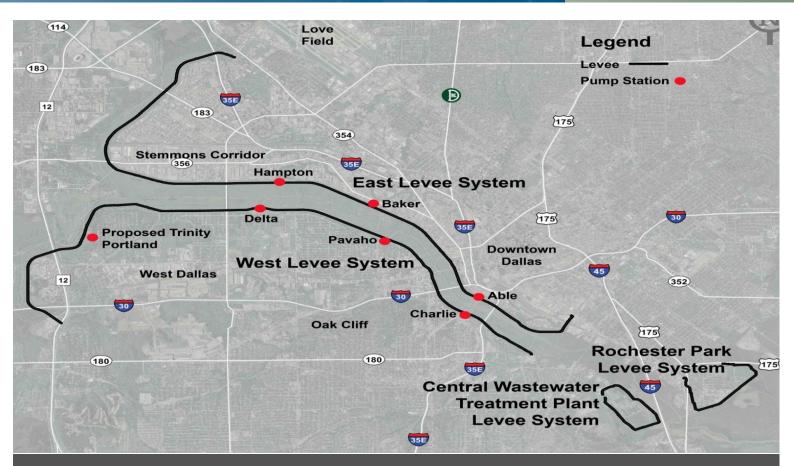




Dallas takes proactive approach

- HNTB brought in to provide professional services for support of Dallas Floodway
- Assuring Trinity River levees conform with Federal standards and meet 100-year flood protection levels
- Includes assessment of 26+ miles of levees and working with authorities to address deficiencies and design upgrades

Dallas Floodway System Overview



- 28 miles of levees
- 710-mile long Trinity River
- Protects \$7 billion in property

- Balanced Vision Plan
- Civic centers and parks
- Major transportation routes
- Business district

USACE Decertification

- 2009—USACE releases Periodic Inspection Report
 - New post-Hurricane Katrina criteria
 - Visual inspection
 - Historically received good, very good or excellent ratings on annual and periodic inspections
- Two deficiency categories:
 - Operations and Maintenance (Dallas)
 - System Deficiencies (USACE/Dallas)



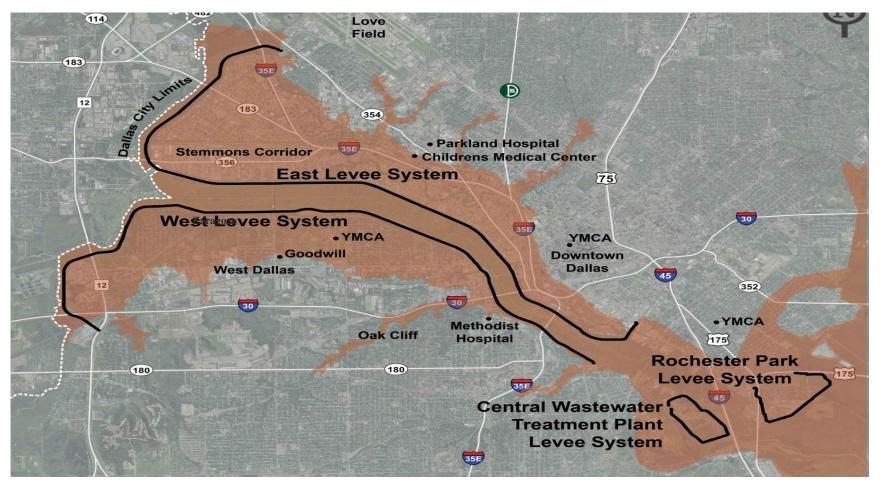
PI #9 USACE withdraws letter of support for FEMA levee accreditation



FEMA Remapping De-accreditation begins; timeline starts on flood zone remapping

FEMA – Worst Case Scenario

- Flood insurance required on federally backed mortgages, loans
- Constrained development in the remapped areas



- Protect its citizens' lives and properties
- Solve levee challenges before FEMA completes remapping
- Resolve these challenges to reduce further delays on the Balanced Vision Plan

August 2011 FEMA Deadline

- Complete levee repairs
- Submit 100-year flood certification information for floodway/levees
- Submit information on two potential sources of flooding

- 1. Respond to PI Report
- 2. Inspect Dallas Floodway
- 3. Engineering support services and design
- 4. Develop gINT/GIS Database and system wide soil boring plan
- 5. Preliminary Analysis and Design Check for the levee systems
- 6. Levee accreditation
- 7. Project design assistance
- 8. Policy and project integration
- 9. Levee Remediation Plan
- 10. Support Dallas working with USACE at all levels of the process, providing input into the Feasibility Study

Operations & Maintenance

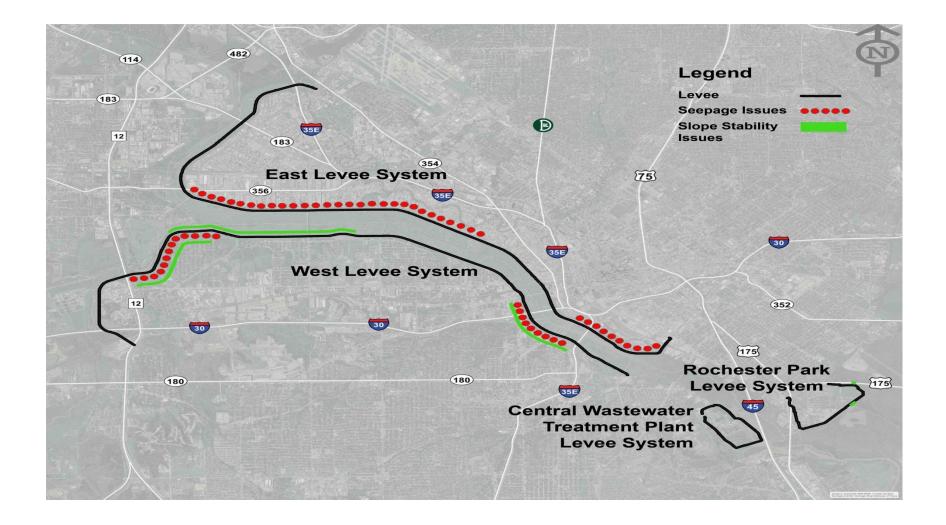
Maintenance Deficiency Correction Period plan to correct items such as erosion and vegetation

Dallas has successfully completed all MDCP items not design related

System Study

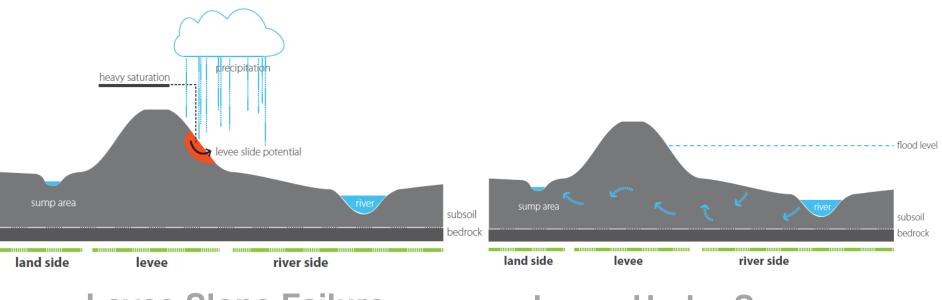
- 800-year level for Balanced Vision (USACE and Dallas)
- 100-year level for FEMA requirements (Dallas)
- Geotechnical sampling and initial problem identification is complete
- Draft Levee Remediation Plan complete; final in fall 2010
- Design started May 2010

100-Year Problem Identification



100-Year Problem Identification

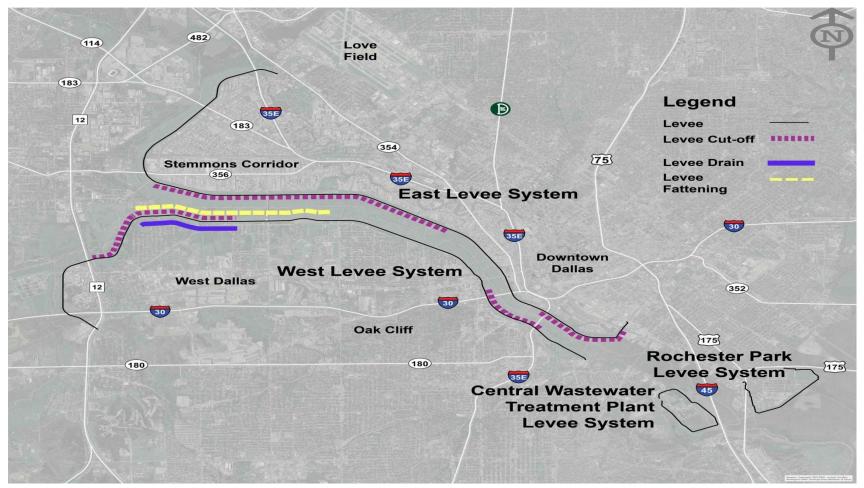
- Under seepage issues related to East and West Levees
- Seepage around utilities through the levees
- Riverside slope stability in a limited section of West Levee



Levee Slope Failure

Levee Under Seepage

100-Year Levee Improvements = \$100-\$150 million



100-Year Recommended Improvements



Seepage

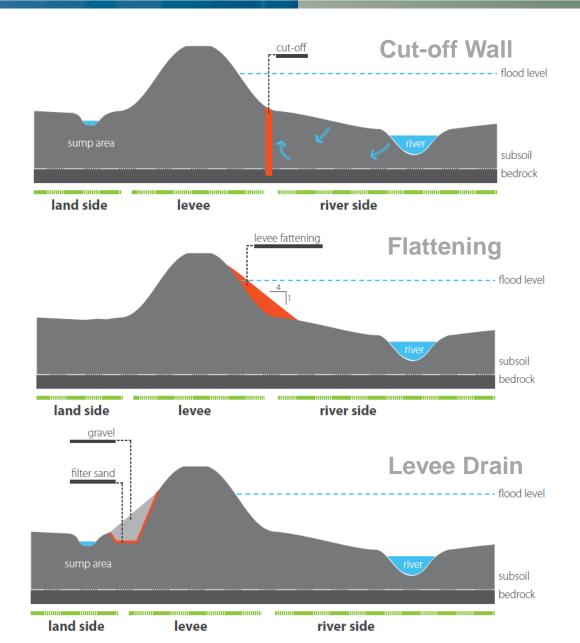
Levee cut-off walls

Stability

- Levee fattening
- Levee drains

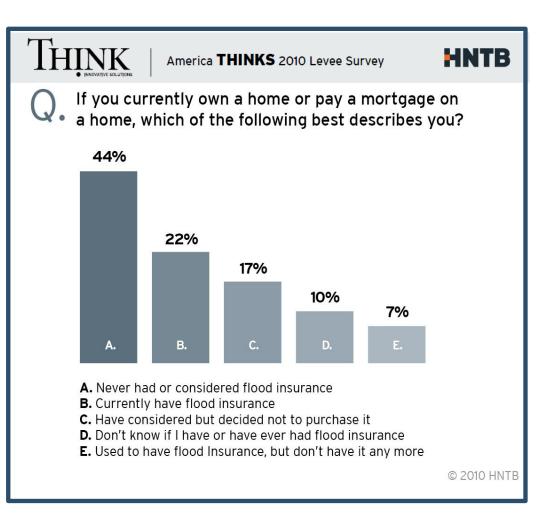
Seepage along Utility Crossings/Structures

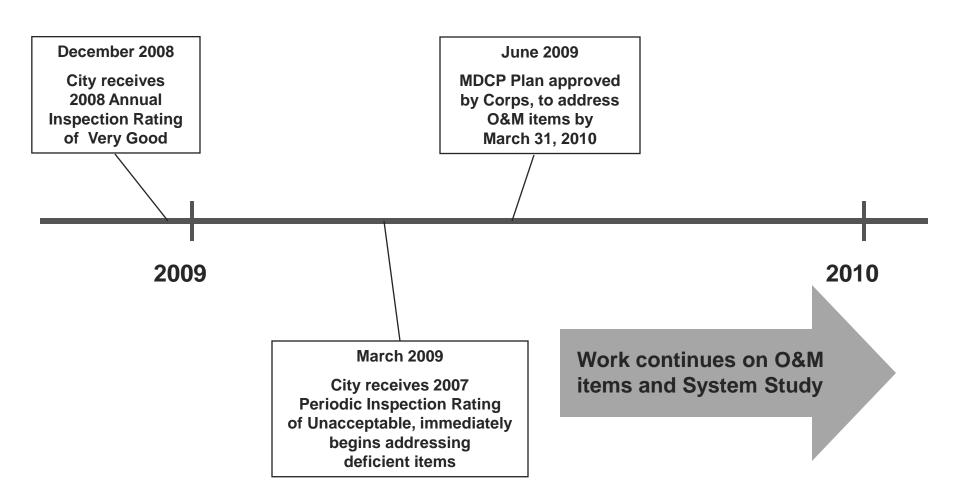
- Levee cut-off walls
- Landside relief drains

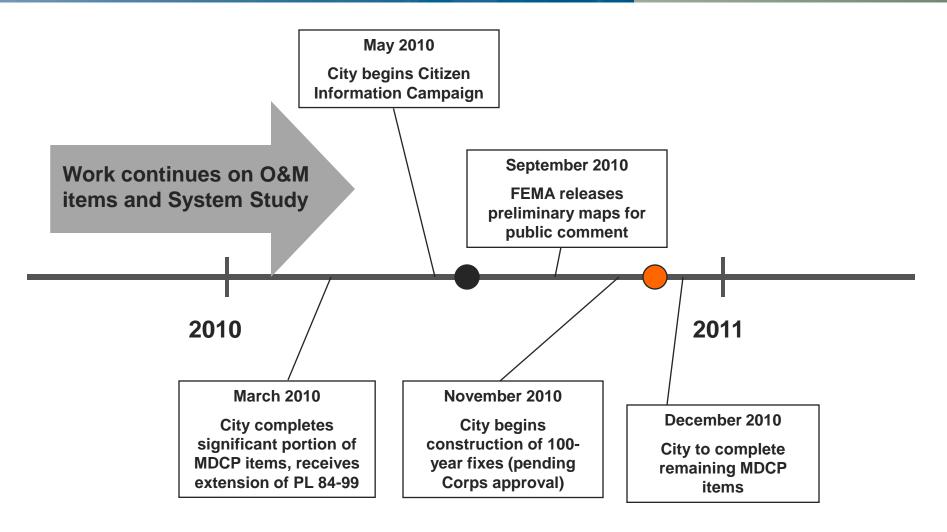


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- Ordinance changes are proposed to assist property owners facing remapping
- Two-phased information campaign reaching out to citizens
- National policy issues alliance









Pavaho Pump Station construction start Summer 2010



Baker Pump Station construction start Winter 2010

- New Federal Standards are changing levee condition assessments
- Inadequate maintenance not the cause of levee deficiency ratings
- No Quick Fixes
- Levee owners need to work closely with the Corps and FEMA to understand how to comply with the new design standards
- Very heavy geo-technical requirements
- No Quick Fix



